


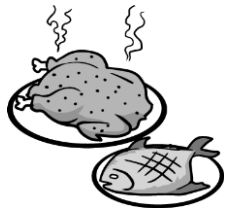
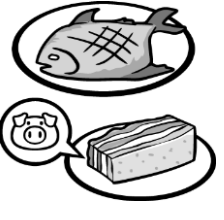





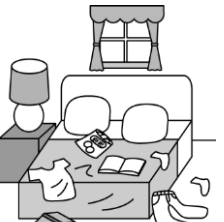
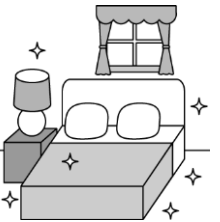

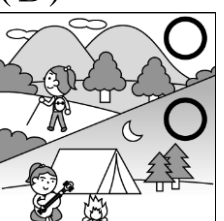



班級：_____ 座號：_____ 姓名：_____

一、聽力測驗 (30%)

(一)辨識句意：根據聽到的內容，選出符合描述的圖片或符合圖片的描述。(10%)

| | | |
|--|---|---|
| 1. (A)  | (B)  | (C)  |
| 2. (A)  | (B)  | (C)  |
| 3. (A)  | (B)  | (C)  |
| 4. (A)  | (B)  | (C)  |
| 5. (A)  | (B)  | (C)  |

(二)基本問答：根據聽到的內容，選出一個最適合的回應或最適合的問句。(10%)

6. (A) We don't like your house.
(B) No, he doesn't have to wake up early.
(C) It wasn't me. I don't know what the word is.
7. (A) I have a new one, too!
(B) I'm glad you like the paper cup.
(C) I'd like a cappuccino, please.
8. (A) Not yet, I have been very busy these days.
(B) Sure. We can choose the same school.
(C) Yes, he will pick us up at 5 p.m.
9. (A) Using phones on the metro is common.
(B) I'm so happy for you. Good job!
(C) Out of sight, out of mind.
10. (A) Congratulations on your wedding!
(B) I will have a party before I get married.
(C) Me, too. We can't meet as often as before.

(三)言談理解：根據聽到的內容，選出一個最適合的答案。(10%)

11. (A) Robert and the girl may have different choices after graduation.
(B) Robert and the girl will be classmates in college again.
(C) Robert and the girl are college students now.
12. (A) How to decide on a future career.
(B) How to search for information.
(C) How to plan for a future career.
13. (A) He was worried about the basketball game.
(B) He felt sick because there were ants in his food.
(C) He felt happy and comfortable about exercising.
14. (A) He can't focus on his work and life.
(B) He won't be able to help Vicky anymore.
(C) He wants to play his own online games.
15. (A) He shouldn't park on the red line.
(B) He should buy some food in the convenience store.
(C) He shouldn't spend so much time in the supermarket.

二、文法選擇 (30%)

16. Doreen put books in her bag before going to bed, and so _____ Fiona.
(A) does (B) did (C) is (D) was
17. Mr. Chao's flown to Japan, and _____.
(A) so has his wife (B) his wife does, too
(C) his wife hasn't (D) neither is his wife
18. The fishermen _____ little about the island when they arrived there.
(A) know (B) have known
(C) knew (D) would know
19. The glue isn't Jay's, and _____ the rulers.
(A) so is (B) so are
(C) neither is (D) neither are
20. Tammy has a new bike, and Sandy _____, too.
(A) has (B) is (C) does (D) have
21. The cellphone is _____ light _____ cheap.
Let's not get it.
(A) not only; but also (B) either; or
(C) both; and (D) neither; nor
22. Either you or Tammy _____ to do the dishes and tidy the house every day.
(A) is having (B) had (C) has (D) have
23. Rocky _____ in the hospital for ten years, and he never thought of changing a job until the new boss came. Right now, he becomes an owner of a coffee shop.
(A) worked (B) has worked
(C) is working (D) was working

班級：_____ 座號：_____ 姓名：_____

24. The trash should _____ every day.
 (A) take out (B) is taken out
 (C) takes out (D) be taken out
25. As soon as he _____ back the money to me next month, I'll get a nice new car for myself.
 (A) will give (B) gives
 (C) gave (D) is giving
26. I'm tired of _____ up by Zac's memes. He enjoys sending them to his friends not only in the middle of the night but also in the early morning.
 (A) to wake (B) having woken
 (C) waking (D) being woken
27. Are you saying _____ has nothing to do with you? I think you did it!
 (A) there (B) what (C) it (D) that
28. Doreen: You look tired. Try washing your face or shouting out loud. _____ of them works well for me.
 Tammy: Sounds like a good idea. Thanks.
 (A) Both (B) All (C) neither (D) Either
29. Amy: Does he need _____ the computer right away?
 Lily: Yes, it needs _____ right away.
 (A) to fix; to be fixed (B) to fix; to fix
 (C) fixing; fixing (D) fixing; to fix
30. Not only attention spans but also IQs _____ in the past 15 years.
 (A) is dropping (B) have dropped
 (C) has dropped (D) have been dropped


三、對話與完成句子 (10%)

31. Mark: What's wrong with you?
 Vivian: I failed the math test again. I felt sad.
 Mark: _____ It's not the end of the world.
 (A) Cheer up.
 (B) That's not true.
 (C) Let's ask him what happened.
 (D) You just can't do anything right.
32. May: How did you do on the Chinese test?
 Rocky: I didn't pass it. How about you?
 May: _____ It was too difficult this time.
 (A) I was, too. (B) Neither did I.
 (C) So did I. (D) I do, either.
33. Adan: I _____ and don't know what to do.
 Jane: Let me help you make your future plan.
 (A) keep in touch (B) get married
 (C) feel lost (D) head down the same road
34. Joe: Mom, when can I get a smartphone like this?
 Mom: _____
 (A) You are old enough to study hard, aren't you?
 (B) I'll let your dad know about it.
 (C) You are so lazy that you can't spend your time

- and money on it.
 (D) If you get into the best senior high school, I'll get you one.
35. Richard's answer is different from mine. _____
 I hope I can get it right this time.
 (A) Not only his answer but also mine is wrong.
 (B) Both his answer and mine are right.
 (C) Neither he nor I am wrong.
 (D) Either he or I am right.

四、克漏字測驗 (10%)

Rocky is a new student in Sandy's class. He just moved to the town last month. He came from a small fishing village. Now he lives in an apartment near the school. He looks shy. He seldom talks at school. Sandy (36) him. This morning, Sandy asked Rocky to go to her office.
 Sandy: How's your school life now?
 Rocky: There are many students in the class, but I know few of them. There is so much homework every day, but (37). I feel lonely and helpless.
 Sandy: I know it's not easy for you to get used to the new life at a big school. Do you talk to your parents about your problems?
 Rocky: No. They are (38) busy with the restaurant business (38) I can (39) talk to them (39) ask them for help. I don't know what to do.
 Sandy: I see. I'm glad that you are willing to tell me how you feel and what your problem is. Is it OK that I (40) visit your parents at the restaurant (40) ask them to come to school? After I talk with them, maybe we can find a good way to work your problem out.
 Rocky: Either will be OK. Thanks, Miss Lin. It's so kind of you.

 village 村莊 willing 願意的

36. (A) is worrying (B) worried about
 (C) worries about (D) worry about
37. (A) it is not boring
 (B) I can do little of it
 (C) it's a piece of cake
 (D) I can finish most of them
38. (A) neither; nor (B) too; to
 (C) either; or (D) so; that
39. (A) neither; nor (B) both; and
 (C) either; or (D) not only; but also

40. (A) neither; nor (B) too; to
(C) either; or (D) not only; and

五、閱讀測驗 (20%)

A.

Flu or Cold? What's the Difference?

A cold is mild. People with a cold have a runny nose, cough, and sometimes a sore throat. They may feel a little tired.

The flu is worse. People with the flu have a high fever, muscle pain, and feel very tired. Some also have a cough and sore throat. The flu can make people very sick.

Now, many people in Japan have the flu. Some schools closed because of this. From September to January, 9.5 million people got the flu.

A long time ago, in 1918, a very bad flu spread to many countries. 500 million people got sick, and many died. At that time, there was no good medicine.

How to Stay Safe:

1. Wash hands often. Wear a mask.
2. Drink water and rest when sick.
3. See a doctor if you have a fever.
4. Get a flu shot every year.

Stay healthy!

book mild 溫和的 muscle 肌肉
cough 咳嗽 shot 注射

41. What is one main difference between a cold and the flu?
- (A) The flu only affects people in Japan.
(B) A cold makes people feel very tired, but the flu does not.
(C) A cold always causes a high fever, but the flu does not.
(D) The flu is worse than a cold and can make people very sick.
42. Why was the 1918 flu so dangerous?
- (A) There was no good medicine at that time.
(B) Many people did not drink enough water.
(C) It spread to only a few countries.
(D) It only made people a little tired.

B.

**Meet Daisy:
The AI Granny Who Stops Scammers**

Some people try to cheat others, especially old people. But now, a smart AI called Daisy helps stop scammers!

Daisy is an AI robot voice made by a British phone company. When scammers call, she talks to them for a long time. She tells funny stories and never gives real information.

Because Daisy is AI, she never gets tired. She can talk for many hours. One scammer said, "It has been an hour!" Daisy just laughed and said, "Oh, time flies!"

A YouTuber, Jim Browning, helped train Daisy. The company says Daisy has already wasted many hours of scammers' time.

Daisy cannot stop all scammers, but she can slow them down. Maybe one day, more AI grannies will help keep people safe!.

book granny 祖母 scammer 欺詐者
robot 機器人 information 資訊

43. What is the main role of Daisy the AI in the article?
- (A) To create funny stories for people to enjoy.
(B) To help people identify scammers.
(C) To stop all scammers completely.
(D) To waste the time of scammers.
44. How is Daisy different from a human?
- (A) Daisy is always tired.
(B) Daisy is a robot and does not get tired.
(C) Daisy can only speak English.
(D) Daisy cannot understand stories.
45. What might happen as more AI systems like Daisy are created?
- (A) People will stop using phones.
(B) More scammers will start calling.
(C) More AI grannies could help protect people.
(D) More people will get scammed.

C.

**Yellow Duck and Sustainable City
Development**



The Yellow Duck exhibition in Kaohsiung in 2024 was not just for fun. It is also a good example of sustainability and recycling. By reducing waste and reusing materials, it shows how cities can make public events more eco-friendly.

Recycling and Reducing Waste

After the exhibition, the air-filled fabric of the Yellow Duck was fully recycled and made into strong, waterproof canvas bags. This helped cut down waste and give new life to the material, following the idea of reusing resources.

Teaching People About Green Living

The recycled canvas bags are also used to promote eco-friendly travel. This helps people understand and practice waste reduction in daily life.

Building a Sustainable City

By recycling and reusing materials from big public events, the city follows the idea of zero waste. This shows how cities can use recycling to reduce pollution and manage resources wisely.

With good planning and smart use of materials, public projects can help cut waste and protect the environment. This can be a helpful example for future city planning.

📖 sustainable 永續的 development 發展
exhibition 展覽 sustainability 永續性
recycle 回收 reduce 減少 waste 廢棄物
reuse 再利用 material 材料 event 活動
eco-friendly 環保的 air-filled fabric 充氣布料
waterproof 防水的 canvas 帆布 promote 推廣
pollution 汙染 manage 管理 resource 資源
project 專案 environment 環境

46. What is the main idea of the reading?

- (A) Kaohsiung used the Yellow Duck exhibition to promote sustainability and recycling.
- (B) The Yellow Duck exhibition caused a lot of environmental problems.
- (C) Kaohsiung made the Yellow Duck exhibition a famous tourist spot.
- (D) The Yellow Duck exhibition was just a fun event for visitors.

47. What is the author's purpose for this reading?

- (A) To encourage people to buy recycled canvas bags.
- (B) To introduce the history of the Yellow Duck exhibition.
- (C) To explain how Kaohsiung turned a public event into a sustainability model.
- (D) To compare Kaohsiung's recycling efforts with other cities.

D.

4G Network on the Moon

Intuitive Machines, a space exploration company, will send a second mission to the moon soon. And this time, they will bring the first 4G network in space.

Space machines used simple radio to talk to Earth before. This worked because there were not many machines in space. But more people and robots will go to the moon as early as 2028. Building 4G network on the moon can help machines send more information faster.

Nokia made a special "network in a box" that can handle the hard conditions of space, like extreme heat, cold, and radiation. The box will connect with an antenna on the moon lander. It will work for a few days during the mission. In the future, Nokia wants to build a bigger network for astronauts living on the moon. However, some scientists worry that the cell signals might make it hard to study space with radio telescopes because the noise may affect data collection.

Also, using phone frequencies in space needs special permission.

📖 network 網路 company 公司 mission 任務
Exploration 探索；研究 information 資訊；情報
condition 狀況 extreme 極度的
radiation (光或熱的)輻射 connect 連接
antenna 天線 lander 著陸器 astronaut 太空人
scientist 科學家 signal 信號 telescope 望遠鏡
affect 影響 data 資料 collection 收集物
frequency 頻率 permission 許可

48. Why do scientists want a 4G network in space?

- (A) To bring the first 4G cell network in space.
- (B) To study space radiation.
- (C) To send astronauts to the moon.
- (D) To help machines send more data.

49. Who created the special "network in a box" for space?

- (A) Space Robot. (B) NASA.
- (C) Intuitive Machines. (D) Nokia.

50. What problem may the 4G network on the moon cause?

- (A) It may break easily in space.
- (B) It may become difficult for scientists to study space.
- (C) It may use too much power.
- (D) It may be too slow to send messages.

※試題結束※