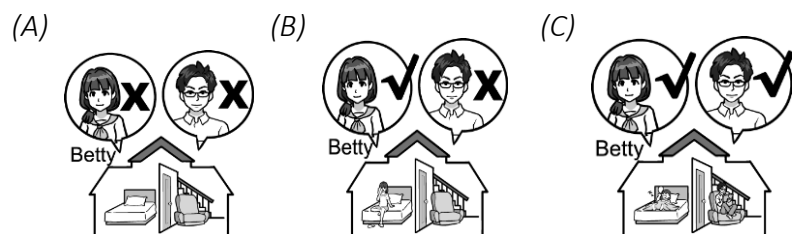


新北市立三多國民中學110學年度第二學期第一次段考九年級英語科試題

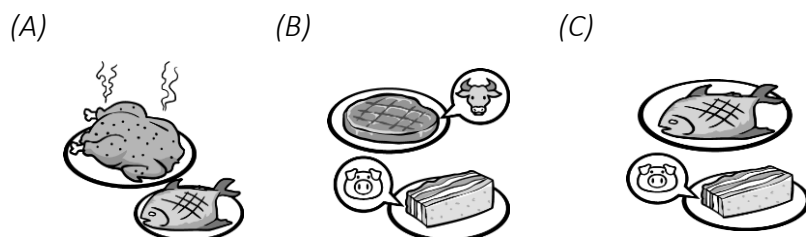
第壹部份 聽力測驗 (每題2分, 共30%)

Part I 辨識句意: 根據聽到的內容, 選出符合描述的圖片或符合圖片的描述。

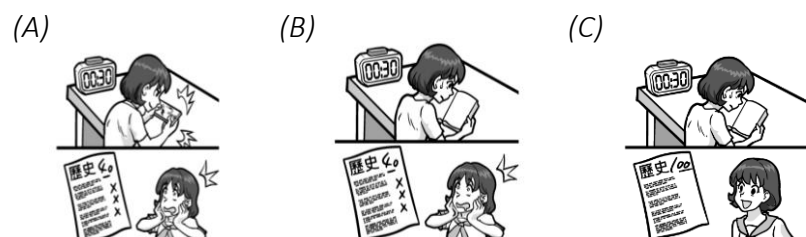
() 1. _____



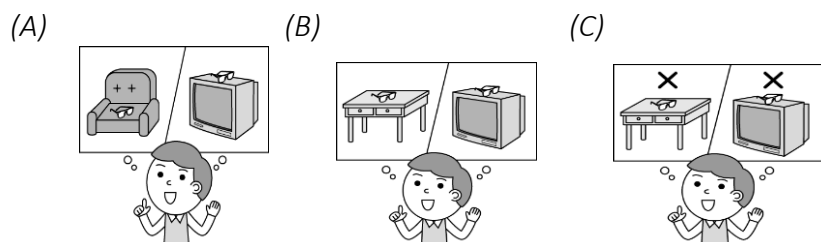
() 2. _____



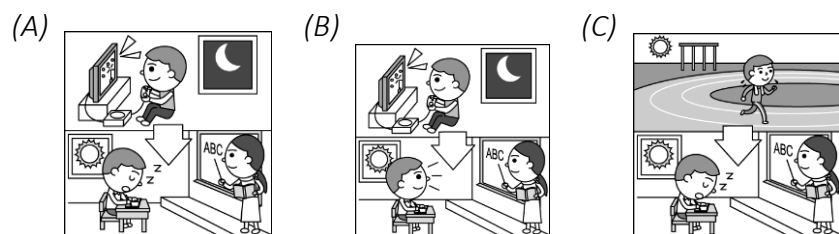
() 3. _____



() 4. _____



() 5. _____



Part II 基本問答: 根據聽到的內容, 選出一個最適合的回應或最適合的問句。

() 6. _____

- (A) You really read my mind.
(B) Yes, it was the worst party.
(C) So did I. The party was so fun and interesting.

() 7. _____

- (A) Let's meet in front of the movie theater at 3 p.m.
(B) Why didn't you just stay at home this morning?
(C) Neither do I. I don't feel like sitting in the dark alone.

班級: _____ 座號: _____ 姓名: _____

() 8. _____

- (A) Wow... that was really a good choice.
(B) He chose to work in his dad's company.
(C) He really wanted to go to that college.

() 9. _____

- (A) Yes, I clean the kitchen almost every day.
(B) Yes, it is very tidy. I can't stand a dirty bedroom.
(C) Yes, do you need me to clean it for you?

() 10. _____

- (A) Yes, I can understand your question very well.
(B) No, the question is so difficult that I can't answer.
(C) Sure. But please pay more attention in class.

Part III 言談理解: 根據聽到的內容, 選出一個最適合的答案。

() 11. _____

- (A) Chinese.
(B) English.
(C) Science.

() 12. _____

- (A) It means he is seriously sick.
(B) It means the new iPhone is really expensive.
(C) It means he is carrying on his career plan.

() 13. _____

- (A) In the doctor's office.
(B) In a gym.
(C) In a cram school.

() 14. _____

- (A) Jack sent all the packages by himself.
(B) Sam helped his dad with the packages.
(C) The packages were so heavy that Jack couldn't move them by himself.

() 15. _____

- (A) To sell his vegetables in the market.
(B) To feed animals on the farm.
(C) To make breakfast for his family.

第貳部份

一、文法選擇 (每題2分, 共30%)

() 16. Victor has a new cellphone, and Bill _____, too.

- (A) has (B) is (C) does (D) have

() 17. My pet cat loves _____ with a comb. Every time I comb his hair, he will close his eyes and fall asleep.

- (A) to brush (B) brushing
(C) to be brushing (D) being brushed

() 18. Helen didn't go to library yesterday, and _____ Lucy.

- (A) neither did (B) did, too
(C) didn't either (D) so did

() 19. Many famous people visit this restaurant. Popular singers like A-mei and Jay Chou _____ here with their friends.

- (A) to be often seen (B) often seen
(C) are often seen (D) and are often seen

- () 20. Most of Jeff's best books _____ when he was sick and poor.
(A) have written (B) were written
(C) could write (D) wrote
- () 21. Jack's never been to Penghu, and _____ his sister.
(A) neither is (B) so is
(C) so has (D) neither has
- () 22. Mr. Lai wants his son to be _____ a doctor _____ a teacher when he grows up. In his eyes, both the careers are great for him.
(A) either; or (B) both; and
(C) not only; but also (D) neither; nor
- () 23. Michael not only read the comic book but also _____ the scary movie.
(A) watch (B) watches
(C) watched (D) was watched
- () 24. Joanna seldom makes the same mistake, and her sisters _____.
(A) does, too (B) do, too
(C) doesn't, either (D) don't, either
- () 25. I don't know the way to the post office.
Can you _____?
(A) show me it (B) show it me
(C) show it to me (D) show to me it
- () 26. Either you or Allen _____ to make sure that all the windows _____ before you two leave.
(A) have; close (B) has; will be closed
(C) need; will close (D) needs; have been closing
- () 27. Oscar is not only clever but also _____.
(A) looks handsome (B) hard-working
(C) has a warm heart (D) a careful person
- () 28. The more money you make, _____ life you can live.
(A) the good (B) the better
(C) the best (D) the more
- () 29. _____ win the race, we practiced running very hard every day.
(A) To win (B) Win (C) To winning (D) Winning
- () 30. Both Ben and Philip _____ worried about the exam tomorrow.
(A) is (B) are (C) has (D) be

三、閱讀測驗 (每題2分, 共16%)

A. Will AI Take Over the World? By Mark Blohm

Artificial intelligence is intelligence that is not **human**. That is why it's called artificial. And non-human means it is in the form of a computer or other **electronic** thing. It has three **features**, which are generalized learning, reasoning and problem **solving**. Generalized learning means it can do things and get better in an **environment** with different kinds of things in it. Reasoning means it can make choices, like choosing which **path** to go on from a choice of two. Problem solving means it can provide solutions when there is an **obstacle**.

Artificial Intelligence is different from machine learning and deep learning, but they are **related**. Deep learning is a **subset** of machine learning and machine learning is a **subset** of artificial intelligence. That means that AI uses these two **abilities** to learn, reason and problem-solve.

Two types of AI are Weak AI and Strong AI. Examples of

Weak AI are the computer program Alpha Go and Amazon's Alexa. An example of Strong AI is Ultron, the Marvel super **villain**. Actually, Strong AI doesn't **exist** yet. Will it ever? Some people like Ray Kurzweil think that by 2045 we will **reach** something called the **singularity**, which means that AI will be smarter than humans.

artificial intelligence	人工智慧	take over	接手	human	人類
electronic	電子的	feature	特色	generalized	廣泛的
solve	解決	environment	環境	path	路徑
obstacle	障礙	related	相關的	subset	子集
villain	壞人	exist	存在	reach	達到
				singularity	奇點

- () 31. What does Ray Kurzweil think the future world of AI will be?
(A) AI will be smarter than humans.
(B) There will be more Strong AI than Weak AI.
(C) The singularity will be a big problem for the world.
(D) Ultron will turn from a super villain to a super hero.
- () 32. Which is NOT a feature of A.I.?
(A) Reasoning.
(B) Problem solving.
(C) Choice creating.
(D) Generalized learning.

B. The Secrets of the Pantheon By Mark Blohm

The Pantheon in Rome is one of the great **architectural wonders** of the **ancient** world. The **construction** of the **original** building was started around the year 27AD and finished in its final **form** around the year 125AD. The final **version** of the building **features** a **dome** which is 43 meters high and 43 meters across. It was built to **honor** the Roman gods. Together, these Roman gods are known as the Pantheon, and so the building was named after them.

Although **concrete** is heavy, the Roman engineers used 5 different ways to make the building **stable**. First, they **combined** pumice, a lighter rock, into the concrete, especially near the top of the dome. Second, they put **hollowed** squares, called coffers, on the inside of the dome **surface**. Third, the dome was made thinner at the top and thicker at the bottom. Fourth, 7 rings were built into the outside base of the dome to hold it together. And fifth, a **hole**, the Oculus, was left in the top of the dome.

Therefore, instead of being 20,000 tons, the dome ended up **weighing** only 5,000 tons. Amazingly, this is still the largest **unreinforced** concrete dome in the world!

architectural	建築的	wonder	奇觀、奇蹟	ancient	古代的
construction	建築	original	最初的	form	形式
version	版本	feature	以……為特色	dome	圓頂
honor	尊榮	concrete	混凝土	stable	穩固
combine	結合	hollowed	空心的	surface	表面
hole	洞	weigh	有……的重量	unreinforced	未增強的

- () 33. What does Pantheon mean?
(A) A city in Rome. (B) All Roman gods.
(C) All kinds of domes. (D) A special type of building.
- () 34. Which of the following is NOT true about the reading?
(A) The bottom of the dome has 7 rings.
(B) The dome of Pantheon is 43 meters high.
(C) The dome of Pantheon weighs 20,000 tons.
(D) The building of Pantheon was finished around 125 AD.

C. Olympic Training Now and Then By Mark Blohm

The Olympics are perhaps the most famous sporting event in the world. Countries worldwide send their best athletes to compete at the games and winning is their only goal. To have the best performance, athletes will do something different from their daily training. For example, middle and long distance runners will practice in the mountains in order to improve their breathing. They also watch their diet. They eat food with protein and vitamins to keep them fit and healthy.

What about ancient athletes 2000 years ago? How is their training different from modern ones? In fact, the Olympics had a fewer number of sports and only some people in Greece competed. At that time, sports was a way of life and a part of education for boys. Every man was a natural athlete and training was just living daily life to the fullest. For example, Milo of Croton, an amazing wrestler, built his strength by carrying a baby bull over his head every day until, one day, it had grown into a full sized bull. Also, soldiers were often winners of the chariot race or the javelin throw because of the nature of their job. In ancient and modern times, athletes have found unique ways to improve their abilities.

the Olympics	奧林匹克運動會	perhaps	也許	event	事件
athlete	運動員	compete	競爭	goal	目標
distance	距離	improve	改善	diet	飲食
vitamin	維生素	education	教育	wrestler	摔跤手
bull	公牛	soldier	士兵	chariot	雙輪戰馬車
javelin	標槍	unique	獨特的	ability	能力

- ()35. What is the purpose of the reading?
- (A) To show how modern athletes learn from ancient ones.
- (B) To show how modern athletes train differently from ancient ones.
- (C) To show readers that nothing has changed in the way athletes train.
- (D) To show readers that ancient athletes are better than modern ones
- ()36. Who is Milo of Croton?
- (A) A bull. (B) A runner.
- (C) A soldier. (D) A wrestler.

D. Outdoor Fun By Mark Blohm

Have you ever wondered when you last fully enjoyed outdoor activities? What are some great activities when you get a chance to go outside?

Hiking has become quite popular recently. When people go hiking, they can choose day hiking or multi-day hiking based on their time and strength. Day hiking is when people hike on a trail for one or several hours and return home on the same day. Multi-day hiking is when people stay in the forest or mountain area for one or several nights. Hikers can stay in a mountain lodge or camp out in a tent. When hiking, it's necessary to carry a backpack with extra clothes, food and a first aid kit.

Swimming is another popular choice. Besides swimming pools, people swim in rivers, lakes or the ocean. Swimming in open water may be more fun, but it can be dangerous. Sometimes, even experienced swimmers could drown. To ensure a safe swimming experience in open water, never swim

alone and always wear a life vest.

Doing sports outside also offers a natural experience. For example, people can run or play ball games on fields in natural areas. When people go outdoors, they can breathe in fresh air and enjoy views in nature.

wonder	好奇	outdoor activity	戶外活動	recently	最近
multi-day	多日的	based on	根據	strength	力氣
trail	步道	return	回來	lodge	山屋
extra	額外的	first aid kit	急救箱	necessary	必要的
drown	溺水	ensure	確保	life vest	救生衣
				offer	提供

- ()37.What is the main difference between day hiking and multi-day hiking?
- (A) The place for hiking.
- (B) The time spent on hiking.
- (C) The people who can go on a hike.
- (D) The weather on top of the mountain.
- ()38. Which is NOT the place for swimming according to the reading?
- (A) Lakes. (B) Rivers.
- (C) The ocean. (D) Hot springs.
- 班級：_____ 座號：_____ 姓名：_____ 本卷收回批閱
- 三、字彙選擇（每題 2 分，共 20%）請直接於空格作答
- _____39. After g_____ting from junior high school, Tom wants to get a part-time job first.
- _____40. Because of the rain, we m_____sed our train. We have to wait for another one.
- _____41. The middle l_____r of the word “river” is “v”.
- _____42. There is a q_____n living in that big castle. She must be a beautiful woman.
- _____43. Most people choose to live in the south because the weather is a lot warmer than that in the n_____th.
- _____44. I bought many i_____ms on sale in the wholesale store. They are really cheap.
- _____45. My students w_____ed their hands to say “goodbye” to their parents.
- _____46. Children need to c_____t on their parents because they can’t work for a living by themselves.
- _____47. To be good at a l_____ge, you should speak it often. Also, don’t be afraid to make mistakes.
- _____48. Austrlia is a c_____y which is located in the south hemisphere(南半球).

- 四、翻譯（每題 2 分，共 4%）請直接於空格作答
- 1.她結婚了?哇，我甚至從未約會過呢。
- She’s married?
- Wow,_____
- _____
- 2.資訊越被利用，你記得它的時間就會越久。(The more...)
- _____
- _____